WHEELING, W. VA., THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1896.

VOLUME XLIV-NUMBER 213.

PREFER M'KINLEY.

Vermont Republicans Declare He is Their First Choice.

STATE COUNTED ON FOR REED

Names the Ohio Man for the Presidency. Pennsylvania Democrats Launch Patti sen's Boom-The Contest Between Illi nsis Republicans Unsettled — Georgia Republicans are Divided — Michigan Democrats are for Sound Money-Other Conventions.

MONTPELIER, Vt. April 29.—The Republicans of Vermont assembled early to-day for their convention. The enthusiasm manifested was for the party rather than for the candidates and at times it seemed that there was a tendency to guard against a demonstration in

times it seemed that there was a tendeny to guard against a demonstration in
favor of any one leader.

The preliminaries of organisation
were arranged last night and in accordance with them, Hon, W. A. Lord, of
Montpelier, called the convention to order. Ex-Governor John W. Stewart, of
Middiebury, was named chairman of the
committee on resolutions. The temporany organisation was then made permanent and the convention adopted resolutions reaffirming Republican party principles, including protection and reciprocity in trade with the republics of the
American continent. On the financial
question the platform says:

"The continued agitation for the free
coinage of silver retards the return of
confidence and prosperity stands in the
way of beneficial legislation and is in
every respect harmful to the best interests of the whole country."

After the platform had been adopted
a supplemental preamble and resolution
were introduced and carried with demonstrations of enthusiasm, as follows:

"While we recognize the wisdom of the
precedent which has heretofors sent out
delegates to national conventions without tying their hands with positive instructions, and would not break that
precedent, yet we feel we will be untrue
representatives of those who sent us
here did we fail to give voice to their
convictiona. Therefore, be it,

"Resolved, That in the great apostle
of protection, William McKinley, of
Ohio, we recognize the first choice of the
fentulal candidate."

Following the election of delegates,
several addresses were made, among the
research and research and research and research as a res

Following the election of delegates, several addresses were made, among the speakers having been Senator Thurston, of Nebraska, who referred in eloquent terms to Major McKinley and who was warmly, applauded.

PATTISON'S BOOM

For the Presidency Launched by the Dem-ocracy of Pennsylvania.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., April 29.—Prior to the assembling of the Democratic state convention at noon to-day the

state convention at noon to-day the delegates and leaders were busy caucusing and arranging the details of the convention work. Conferences for the selection of district delegates and electors to the national convention at Chicago were held during the night.

Although the convention elects the delegates and electors for the entire state, in addition to the delegates and electors at-large, the work of selecting the district delegates devolved upon the group of men representing each congressional district. The most notable contest was that in the Ninth district, domprising Lehigh and Berks countles.

The Lehigh delegates bolted the con-

trict, domprising Length and countries.

The Lehigh delegates bolted the conference and threatened to take the fight before the convention. The congressional state arranged last night was changed to-day and B. F. Pott, of Media, and John M. Braden. of Washington, representing respectively the eastern and western extremities of the state, will head the ticket next fall as candidates for congressmen-atlarge.

as candidates for congressmen-atlarge.

State Chairman Robert E. Wright
called the convention to order at 12:15
p.m. At that hour the hall was well
filled with spectators and all the delegates were in their seats.

William E. Given, of Columbia, was
chosen temporary chairman. In his
speech he favored sound money and
said: "For eight years Robert E. Pattison was the governor of Pennsylvania. Twice did he triumphantly carry
the banner of Democracy in his rockribbed Republican state to victory, and
we present him to the Democracy of
the nation as a fit and proper candidate for the presidency of the republic.
With a bold and clear enunciation of
true Democratic principles and with
Robert E. Pattison as our candidate
we will present a united front to our
common foe and win a splendid victory.

A scene of wild enthusiasm followed

scene of wild enthusiasm followed Mr. Given's reference to ex-Governor Pattison as Pennsylvania's candidate for the presidency. The roll call of 454 delegates, of which 26 are contested.

Pattison as Pennsylvania's candidate for the presidency. The roll call of 454 delegates, of which 26 are contested, consumed much time?

After the announcement of the committees on resolutions, credentials and permanent organization a recess was taken until 2:30 p. np.

On the reassembling of the convention, Cheirman Jones, of the resolutions committee, read the platform as agreed upon and moved its adoption.

After declaring its adherence to the fundamental principles of Democracy, the platform declares for sound money, for tariff for revenue only, and says:

The Democracy of Pennsylvania presents to the national convention as its unanimous choice for the Presidency the name of Robert E. Pattison. Knowing him to be honest, unassuming, fearless, a consistent Democrat and in inarmony with the highest purposes of his party, we present him for this nomination to the Democracy of the nation. Confident that this declaration of principles and of our choice for the Presidency express the sentiments of the united Democracy of the state and to the end that the vote and influence of Pennsylvania may be most effectively heard and felt, the delegates that day chosen are directed to vote as a unit in all matters entrusted to their charge, said action to be determined by the vote of the majority of the delegates beyond him. Joseph P. McCullen, of Philadelphia, defended the mile rule as the most effective means of forthering the candidacy of Pattison but protesting anianst binding the delegates beyond him. Joseph P. McCullen, of Philadelphia, defended the mile rule as the most effective means of forthering the candidacy of Pattison at Chicaso. John T. Lannahan also favored the unit rule, announcing himself as a recent convert to that policy, in a viva voce vote the substitute amendment was overwhelmingly defended.

Mr. Gillan called for the yeas and hays, but as there was no immediate

fented.

Mr. Gillan called for the yeas and hays, but as there was no immediate second, Chairman Lowrey declared the substitute fost. This decision gave some dissatisfaction to the minority, but they did not push their point, and the platform was adopted with a hurrab and a few dissenting voices. The

convention then proceeded to the work of preparing it ticket, the result-being as follows:

Congress at large—John M. Braden, Washington county; Benjamin C. Potts, Delayate county.
Delayates at large—William F. Harrity, Philadelphia; Robert E. Wright, Lehigh; J. Henry Cochran, Lycoming; Charles A. Fagan, Allegheny; Dr. John Todd, Montgomery; Benjamin F. Mayers, Dauphin; John S. Rilling, Erle; John T. Lenahan, Luzerne.

Among the district delegates are: Twenty-first, John B. Keenan, Greensburg: R. A. McCullough, Kittanning; Treenty-second, George S. Fleming, Pittsburgh; Twenty-third, Hay Walk-er, it., Allegheny; Samuel W. Black, Leetsdale; Twenty-fourth, Frank Thomson, McKees Rocks; A. Franklin Silvius, Waynesburg; Twenty-skith, Stephen Markham, Butler; Robert Ritchle, Beaver; Twenty-skith, W. H. Gaskill, Meadville; Frank E. McClain, Union City; Twenty-seventh, Charles H. Noyes, Warnes the Charles H. Noyes, Warners (Charles O. Lay-

Gaskill, Mendville; Frank E. McClain, Union City; Twenty-seventh, Charles H. Noyes, Warren; Charles O. Layman, Port Allegheny; Twenty-sighth, J. P. Hall, Ridgeway; Matt Savage, Clearfield.

Electors at large—William M. Singerly, Philadelphia; James Denton Hancock, Venango; A. H. Coffroth, Somerset; George W. Guthrie, Pittsburgh. When the delegates at large were mentioned, State Chairman Robert E. Wright referred to the action of the Berks county delegates in the Ninth congressional district conference insisting upon naming both the delegates from the district to the national conference form the district to the national conference form the district to the national conference. congressional district conference Insisting upon naming both the delegates from the district to the national convention, ignoring the rights of his county of Lehigh. Mr. Wright said if he permitted his election as a delegate at large he would be an accessory to the injustice wrought against his county by force of superior numbers. The convention refused to allow Mr. Wright to withdraw and elected him unanimously, along with the others.

National Chairman William F. Harrity achieved a personal triumph second only to that of Mr. Pattison. Everything he asked for he got, and his "unit rule," instructing the delegates to Chicago to abide by the will of the majority, went through with even less opposition than he had expected.

The delgates and visitors made almost a hero of Mr. Harrity, besieging him with their attentions whenever he appearent hopelessness of their cause, the platform adopted and the speeches uttered by the Democrats to-day showed no indications of deepair.

PEACE DECLARED

Between the Republican Factions Down in Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 29.—The Republican state convention, summoned to assemble in the house of representatives at the state capitol at 10 o'clock this morning, was not called to order until 11 o'clock. The delay was caused by a row over admission to the hall. A. E. Buck, chairman of the state committee, took a position at the door and admitted only those having tickets signed by himself. A party of Reed delegates, who were unprovided with tickets, gathered at the door and forced their way in with shouts of triumph. Then followed a scene of stormy confusion, which was only calmed by the appearance of a squad of policemen.

At 11 o'clock Chairman Buck called the convention to order.

There was no appointment of a committee on credentials, but the secretary read the list of delgates as agreed upon by the state executive committee. to assemble in the house of representa-

tary read the list of designes as agreed upon by the state executive committee. This done, a surprise was sprung by M. A. Pledger, leader of the Reed forcest, rising and nominating A. E. Buck, the chief McKinley champion, as temporary chairman. Pledger explained that he did this as a preliminary to a peaceful convention. He and Col. Buck, he explained had gotten together and concluded that there was some

to a peaceful convention are and concluded that there was something higher than factional triumph. Colonel Buck was thereupon chosen chairman by acclamation. The convention adjourned at 12:30 o'clock after selecting delegates to the St. Louis convention, a majority of whom are for McKinley.

The convention reconvened at 8 o'clock to-night, and after adopting a platform reaffirming the principles of the Republican party, adjourned. The financial plank declared strongly for sound money. The following delegates at large were chosen: A. E. Buck, J. H. Deveaux, H. A. Rucker and H. L. Johnson.

The first three are pledged to McKinley, Johnson is understood to favor Reed.

Reed.

LATER—Four delegates at large wer placed in nomination: A. E. Buck, H. L. Johnson, H. A. Rucker and J. A. De

The negroes wanted R. R. Wright as one of the delegates-at-large and they howled and waved their arms and raved wildly as they pushed toward the speaker's stand. Then there was a rictous scene, during which the convention split on the delegate matter. A committee was appointed to report a platform and then the delgates, who had howled themselves tired, lapsed into quietude to wait for the report of the committees.

committee on selecting delegates ed the lead of the convention and

olit. On returning this committee presented two sets of delegates, one made up of A E. Buck, R. R. Wright, J. J. Prather and J. Deveaux. The other was made up of Josiah Gordon and J. E. Her-

rington.

The bolting convention finally adjourned at 4:15 p. m., having endorsed Buck and Johnson, two of the delegates named by the regular convention and sent R. R. Wright and J. E. Herrington as contesting delgates.

ILLINOIS REPUBLICANS.

All is Uncertain as to the Outcome-Mc Kinley and Cullom Men on the Alert. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 29.—It has ot yet been decided whether the delenot yet been decided whether the delegates at large to represent Illinois at the national convention will be instructed. The state convention met at noon to-day, nominated John R. Tanner for governor, William A. Northcott for lieutenant governor, and then adjourned until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning This was in accordance with the plan mapped out by the so-called machine.

Never before in the history of the state has the attendance at a state con-

machine.

Never before in the history of the state has the attendance at a state convention been as large as was that of today. Fully 12,000 people gathered together in the great dome building at the state fair grounds to watch the proceedings of the convention. According to the programme now prepared, the convention, upon assembling to-morrow morning, will begin by nominating a secretary of state, then an auditor, a treasurer and attorney general. Then, according to the agreement between the "machine" leaders and the McKinley men, the resolution instructing the national delegates at large to support a candidate at the national convention at St. Louis will be acted upon.

To-night both sides are on the alert. The leaders are in consultation with their lieutenants preparing for the final battle to-morrow. No man, not even the leaders thermelves, can predict

Name Darrd to Molest Him SPHINGFIELD, III., April 29.—A good deal of excitement was caused at the state central committee rooms by the Hon. Buck McCarthy, the 300-pound statesman from the stock yards, Chicago. He went into headquarters to get some tickets for his constituents. The tickets were not given to him whereupon he thrust chairman Jamieson to one side, picked up a big bunch of tickets and walked out of the room. There was a big crowd in the room at the time and while everyone was indignant there was no one felt equal to the task of stopping the patriot of the stock yards.

MICHIGAN DEMOCRATS

Sound Money Men Capture the State Convention at Detroit.

DETROIT, Mich., April 29.—After a tremendous amount of lobbying throughout the morning the only apparthroughout the morning the only apparent result of which was varying predictions in which silver and gold men both claimed control, the Democratic state convention was called to order at 12:45 this afternoon. After the opening prayer, Alfred J. Murphy, of Detroit, temporary chairmano of the convention was conducted to the platform and received with amplause.

with applause.

By a majority the convention voted to By a majority the convention voted to refer all resolutions to the resolution committee without debate. The roll of congressional districts was called and each delegation nominated members of the committee on credentials, order of business and resolutions. The convention then adjourned until 2:20 p. m., and the committees were called into session immediately.

Sound money had won a complete victory when the convention adjourned

Sound money had won a complete vic-tory when the convention adjourned shortly after 8 o'clock to-night. On the questions which were most closely con-tested this victory was accomplished by the narrow margin of 58 majority out of a total of some 800 votes. There was considerable disorder at times and much hot personal debate, but nothing ap-proaching an actual row.

UPSHUR REPUBLICANS

A Strong Ticket Nominated by the Old Reliable Republican County. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. BUCKHANNON, W. Va., April 29.—

The Republican primary held in this county was one of the most hotly contested that has occurred for many years. The large number of candidates and the assurance that the successful ones would win the victory stimulated a good deal of interest. The complete

ones would win the victory stimulated a good deal of interest. The complete returns are as follows:

For house of delegates, Siliman Young, 606; Henry C. Colerider, L.280. For sheriff, W. P. Fowkes, 1,046; S. C. Rusmisell, 746; Granville Teter, 233, For prosecuting attorney, W. B. Nutter, 370, W. D. Taibot, 1,042, For clerk of the circuit court, A. B. Clark, 259; H. A. Darnall, 313; Albert J. Zickadosos, 360; E. B. Lanham, 282; A. H. Cutright, 120; Loomis Brake, 185; John A. Hess, 453. For clerk of the county court, J. J. Morgan, 1,147; E. L. Coburn, 373. For commissioner of the county court, J. J. Morgan, 1,147; E. L. Coburn, 578. For commissioner of the county court, C. M. B. Thorpe, 125; E. S. Bronson, 80; R. A. Darnall, 806; G. A. Fitzgerald, 267; William Ray, 138; Granville Lanham, 512. A. M. Tenny, 1c., was nominated as assessor for the first and Eugene Brown for the second district. John V. Tenny was nominated for county surveyor.

county surveyor.

With McKinley for President, Atkinson for governor, and Fowkes, for sheriff, the Republicans of Upshur are ready for a grand and decisive victory next November.

Mississippi Democrats

Mississippi Democrats.

JACKSON, Miss., April 29.—The Democratic state convention was called to order at 11:39 s. m., by Chairman Williamson, of the state executive committee. Ex-Congressman H. L. Muldrow, of Oktibbeh, was chosen temporary chairman and Hon. L. Pinksmith as secretary. The convention declared for free silver and elected delegates to Chicago.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 29.—The Prohibition state convention met in the hall of the house of representatives an this city to-day, 150 delegaes to the national convention and adopt a plat-form. L.B. Searle, of Chattanooga, was elected temporary chairman.

STRICKEN CRIPPLE CREEK

Another Disastrous Fire Wiping Out the Remainder of the Camp-Many Buildings Destroyed.

DENVER, Colo., April 29.-A special to the Times from Cripple Creek says that the Portland botel, one of the largest buildings in the camp, is burning. The roof fell in soon after the fire broke out and the fire jumped across the stret. Another general conflagra-tion is feared and the fire department has begun blowing up adjacent build-ings with dynamite. LATER—The entire block between

LATER—The entire block between Bennett and Myers avenues and First and Second streets are doomed, together with most of the buildings between Myers and Warren avenues. The remainder of the buildings above Warren, not destroyed in Saturday's fire,

are also threatened.

The Masonic Temple building, the principal business block in the camp, is in danger. The origin of the fire is un-

At 2 o'clock 100 pounds of giant pow der was exploded in blowing up build der was exploded in blowing up build-ings, but a high wind had arisen and the efforts to check the flames met with

ings, but a high wind had arisen and the efforts to check the flames met with hut little success.

5:30 P. M.—The fire is spreading over the entire town, there are hardly any buildings left except a few houses on the hill. By an explosion in Third fourteen injured. One of the killed has been identified as J. Griffith, a miner. Among the injured are: John Kile, arm broken and eye blown out; Claude Evans, fatally lacerated; George E. Young, John Krigger, E. Bradway, arms broken, and internally injured.

The fire extends from Warren avenue to the reservoir and from "A" to Third streets.

At 6 p. m. the fire had burned itself out and Mayor Steel has telegraphed Mayor Murry, of Denver, as follows:

"Thousands homeless. Send tents. We have plenty of blankets."

There is not a building left standing in the business section of the city. Only a few residents on the outskirts remain and thousands are homeless. The indications are the fire was of incendiary origin.

cations are the morigin.

8:20—The fire has broken afresh. It is now extending to West Cripple Creek and it is feared that this suburb will be entirely wiped out. The greatest confusion prevails. Free fights are the rule and nobody knows what will happen before morning.

Fatally Injured. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. PARKERSBURG, W. Va., April 29.

As Christian Nelly, aged sixty, one of the most prominent and wealthy whole the most prominent and state was re-sule merchants of this city, was re-turning from Buffalo Bill's show to-night he was run down by a heavily loaded carriage, which passed over his bowels, inflicting injuries which are considered fatal.

Murder and Suicide.

SEATTLES, Wash, April 28.—Albert Riguliff, a mulatto, shot and killed his wife and then killed himself this morning. Jealousy was the cause.

ELKINS' DESIRE

Is for West Virginia's Prosperity Above All Else.

THE RIVERS AND HARBORS BILL

As Amended in the Senate Expected to Ge Through-Steamers will be Running to Fairmont Within Four Years-A Pro diction Made Six Years Age Being Fulfilled-The Ohio Biver Improve will be Pushed-Honongahela Work the Beginning of a Great School

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. WASHINGTON, April 29.—In

opinion of Senator Elkins the rivers and harbor bill as reported to the senate is reasonably certain to go through without change and it is his confident belief that the amendments will be accepted by the conference committee. The only West Virginia item omitted from the bill as adopted by the house was the small sum given Cheat river, but this was much more than offset by the magnificent increase for the Monongahela and the abolition of the Conditions as to the condemnation of the lower dams. The Guyandotte, the Gauley, Elk and other streams retain their appropriations and the Ohlo river improvement loses nothing.

Senator Elkins predicts that the six Monongahela dams will be completed and boats running to Falrmont regularly within four years. He naturally regards the outcome as a great triumph and the result of the work of the present seasion as of incalculable benefit to the state. He said he would not be surprised if within five years there are 6,000 additional coke ovens at Falrmont and a corresponding increase throughout the coal territory, with a proportionately large addition to the number of mine that the amendments will be accepted

coal territory, with a proportionately large addition to the number of mine

coal territory, with a proportionately large addition to the number of mine workers.

It is with great pleasure that the senator recalls the prediction he made six years ago, at a public meeting in Fairmont, with Governor Pierpont as presiding officer, when he said that in the not distant future that town would be the largest city in central West Virginia. That prediction he believes is now in a fair way to be realized, and he said he had more pride in the certainty of future general development of the state than he would experience over the tender of th highest personal honor.

The improvements as proposed in the bill so far as the Ohio is concerned, especially he regards as but an entering wedge. His ambition is to carry the work forward to the highest starge of development. It is in a sense the same with the Monongahela, and with the improvements assured as now contemplated he proposes to investigate the reasibility of continuing the work on the Valley and West Fork rivers above Fairmont and Cheat river.

The senator referred to the service here performed in the preparation of the house bill by Representative Dovener as invaluable, and paid a high tribute to the infattigable industry in its behalf by the other three members from West Virginia. Mr. Dayton's district is directly concerned in the Monongahela and he naturally gave it the findividual attention. No other state has had more useful representatives.

The bill will be taken up for final dis-

tion. No other state has had more useful representatives.

The bill will be taken up for final disposition by the senate as soon as the pending measure, the naval appropriation bill, is out of the way.

Representative Huling is absent in New York on business.

Senator and Mrs. W. G. Worley, of Kingwood, who spent a week in Baltimore, arrived here yesterday and left for home this afternoon.

IN THE SENATE,

lenator Teller Airs His Free Silver View

and Gets It From Senator Sherman, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 29.—Two notable speeches by Senator Teller and Senator Sherman, representing oppos-Senator Sherman, representing opposing elements on the financial question, were heard in the senate to-day. Mr. Teller addressed himself particularly to the Ohio senator, controvering the views held by him and maintaining that no honest effort had been made in the present Congress to pass a tariff bill. The senator referred in prissing to the McKnley candidacy, saying that the motto of "ndvance agent of prosperity" was delusive, as no prosperity.

years if it pronounced for the gold standard.

Mr. Sherman answered Mr. Teller, arguing against a 50-cent silver dollar and announcing that the time had come for a decisive opinion from the people. He appealed the case, he said, to the tribunal of the American people at the coming election. The early part of the day was given to speeches by Senators Vilas and Mitchell, of Wisconsin; Palmer and Kyle, eulogising Fere Marquette, after which the resolution was adopted accepting the statue of Marquette presented by Wisconsin. The naval appropriation bill is nominally before the senate, but is being thrust aside for the incidental tariand financial debate. Mr. Hale, in charge of the bill, protested vigorously against the distracting debates; declaring that if it continued Congress would remain in Washinston until next fall.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 29.—The house spent the day in further discussion of the bankruptcy bill.

Mr. Connolly, (Rep., Ill.), spoke in favor of the measure and Mr. W. A. Stone, (Rep., Kas.), in opposition to it. Mr. Newhans in the course of his remarks said that if the Democrats at the Chicago convention abandomed free trade and declared for silver, a fusion would be victorious, while Mr. Connolly of the silver element would follow which predicted in the event of the enactment of a free colnage law there would be an universal demand for a bankruptcy law.

STARTLING TESTIMONY

In the Scott Jackson Trial-Pearl Bryan Decapitated while Alive. NEWPORT, Ky., April 29.—Startling testimony was given this morning in the Jackson murder trial, by two wothe Jackson murder trial, by two women, who confirmed to some extent the story told by coachman George H.Jackson. Mrs. Seithers, who lives on the Licking pike and comes to Newport on foot every day, testified that about 5 o'clock, on the morning of Friday, January 31, she met two men, strangers, who stared at her in such a way as to frighten her. She says the road on which she met them was used altogether by residents of the neighborhood and it was a very unusual thing to see any other person there. This is the road over which Jackson says he drove the cab Friday night. The witness said she had never seen these men since until this morning, when ahe recognized them as Jackson and Walling.

Mrs. Alice Stelfel, who lives on an unfrequented road, between the Licks-

ing pike and Alexandria pike, which is also a part of the route described by Jackson testified that after midnight on Friday, January II, she was awakened by a dog barking and heard a one horse vehicle passing along the road rapidly. This was a very unusual occurrence and she thought it was some doctor hastening to see a patient.

and she thought it was some doctor hastening to see a patient.

The testimony of Dr. Edwin Freeman, of the Cincinnati Electric Medical college, continued until the recess, as an expert he testified as to the condition of the neck and other parts of Pearl Bryan's body and claimed that the conditions clearly showed that the basd was amputated when Pearl Bryan was alive and that her death was caused by the amputation.

JOHN A. HUTCHINSON DEAD.

The Distinguished Lawyer Expires at His Home in Parkersburg-Skeich of His Brilliant Career-A Great Less to the State.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., April 29. Surrounded by his wife and family and a few intimate friends, Hon. John A. Hutchinson died at his home here to-night at 7:35 o'clock, aged nity-six.

About a year ago Mr. Hutchinson re-ceived a bruise which for a long time he treated lightly, although it showed n indication of healing. On December 18 it showed signs of having developed into a cancer, and he consented to an op-eration which appeared to aggravate

cration which appeared to aggravate the disease. About the middle of February he consented to go to the Good Samaritan hospital in Cincinnati, where he remained eight weeks and returned not cured, but much improved. Shortly after this, however, his case became worse than ever, until the 19th instant, when he was pronounced incurable and given up by the surgeons. Since that time he has been in untold agony, awaiting ceath.

He was conscious to the last, and up to the time that he went to Cincinnati attended to much of his legal business. Mr. Hutchinson leaves a wife and six children, nearly all grown, in comfortable circumstances. His death, which so closely follows that of Judge Boreman, has cast a pell over the city. The functional will occur on Friday.

John A. Hutchinson was born in Parkersburg, in 1840, and was therefore fifty-six years of age at the time of his death. He studied law in the office of the late James M. Stephenson and was admitted to the bar in 1851. He was elected prosecuting attorney of Pleasants county in 1862 and served for nine years. In 1863 he was elected to the same office in Wood county, and served until 1870. From 1866 to 1863, he served as prosecuting attorney of the counties of Wood, Wirt, Pleasants and Ritchle, having been elected by the people of all four counties. In 1875-6 Mr. Hutchinson served Wood

four counties.

In 1875-6 Mr. Hutchinson served Wood and Pleasants counties in the legislature. He was during that term of service one of the beard of managers on the impeachment of the suditor and state treasurer. He has always been a staunch Republican, and in 1876 was nominated for attorney general on the Republican state ticket, and again in 1884. In 1889 he was the Republican mominee for Congress in the old First district, which was then Democratic by a large majority. His opponent was Colonei Benjamin Wilson, who at the previous election had been elected by a majority of 2200, but Mr. Hutchinson made such a spirited canvass in 1880 that it required the official count to ascertain the result, Mr. Wilson being elected by a bout one hundred majority. In 1886, after the re-districting of the state, Mr. Hutchinson was the Republican candidate for Congress in the Fourth district, and was defeated by Hon. C. E. Hogg, (Democrat.) Since then he has not ben actively engaged in politics, though he has been many times prominently mentioned for various high honors.

Mr. Hutchinson has long been known as one of the best of West Virginla's sone of the best of West Virginla's

igh honors. Mr. Hutchinson has long been known as one of the best of West Virginia's many able lawyers, and for some years past has been the chief counsel for the

as one of the best of West Virginia's many able lawyers, and for some years past has been the chief counsel for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company for this stac. He was the author of two valuable works on law subjects, namely: "Land Tilles in Virginia and West Virginia," and "The Official Form Book." These works added greatly to his reputation as an attorney. His forte was trial practice, the examination and cross-examination always being entrusted to him by his associates. He was engaged in many of the great criminal cases in the state.

Mr. Hutchinson was a man of studious habits, and was possessed of a large fund of general information, to which fact much of his success as a criminal lawyer may be attributed. In politics as in law, he was bold and agressive, and was one of the most popular public speakers in the Republican party. In his death the state loses one of its most honored citizens, the bar one of its brightest lights and the Republican party one of its most distinguished members.

LOWERED THE RECORD.

LOWERED THE RECORD.

Bones of the Hand Photographed in Four and a Half Seconds. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

PHILADELPHIA, April 29.-Profes sor Arthur W. Goodspeed, of the University of Pennsylvania, has reduced the period of exposure necessary for the X-ray photograph to the lowest limit ret reached. He has obtained a clear

yet reached. He has obtained a clear picture of the bones of the hand with an exposure of only four and one-half seconds.

Professor Goodspeed has not the advantage of any new or unusual apparatus. His success is due to the fact that he has made an especial study of the arrangement of the usual apparatus, namely, the Crookes tube, the Carbutt plate and an induction coll capable of an eight-inch spark. So far as known, no other experimenter has been able to get a clear picture with so short an exposure.

ure. There has been some disposition to be-little Professor Roentgen's credit for his discovery ou the ground that it was made by chance. Professor Goodspeed, who is a great admirer of the famous German, was asked to-day if he thought it true that the discovery was made by chance.

"Yes," he replied, "it is true, but he "Yes," he replied, "It is true, but he deserves none the less credit on that account. It is just this way: If a man took a stroll in the woods and found a ten dollar gold plece, he would be perhaps licky, but the discovery would be no credit to him whatever. It, on the other hand, he made a specialty of geology and had become convinced that in a certain place he would find sold, had acted on the impulse, sone and actually discovered the gold, he would deserve credit, for he would have followed out a definite line of research. That is exactly what Roentgen did."

Terrible Cloudburst.

Terrible Clondburst.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis.April 29.—The inhabitants of this place were terrorized by a cloudburst about 10 o'clock last night. Residences in the lowlands were inundated to such a depth that the policeand fire departments had to use boats in rescuing the women and children. Many people had narrow escapes from death. The loss of property will foot up thousands of dollars.

AGED VETERANS.

The Annual G. A. R. Encampment of West Virginia

AND THE WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS

on at Clarksburg, Together with g the Sons of Veterans of the State-Th Hospitably Welcomed and Enterialmed by the Chippens-State Soard of Health Also in Seaston.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. CLARKSBURG, W. Va., April 29.— The members of the G. A. R., depart-ment of West Virginia, the Sons of Veterans and Woman's Relief Department of the G. A. R. are participating in their annual reunion and encam; ment in this city. In addition to the above organisations, the State Medical Board are holding the annual state expractice medicine in this state. city is crowded with visitors, and the public buildings, business houses and hundreds of homes are beautifully dec

orated.

The annual G. A. R. memorial services were held at Goff's chapel yesterday evening, and a large auaience listened to the eloquent sermon preached by the chapiain, Rev. Taylor Richmond. The trains brought delegations all night and at 9 o'clock this morning the different patificite organizations had apparently captured the city, for on every street could be seen the G. A. R. ensign.

street could be seen the G. A. R. ensign.

The first regular business session, at 19 a. m. to-day at the court house, was called to order by Commander Richard H. Lee. The following officers were present: Col. Romeo H. Freer, senior vice commander; Capt. Maulaby, of Fairmont, junior vice commander; Rev. Taylor Richmond, chaplain; Hon. L. A. Martin, of Charleston, assistant adjutant general; and C. B. McIntosh, of the same place, assistant quartermaster general. The morning session was spent in discussing the report of the committee on credentials, which being satisfactorily disposed of, an adjournment was ordered until 1:30 p. m.

The first work of the afternoon session was the reading of the report of

sion was the reading of the report of the pensions committee which, acting under instructions, had written letters to each congressman and senator from West Virginia protesting against the

to each congressman and senator from West Virginia protesting against the present victous interpretation of the pension laws and asking for legislation favorable to the old solders. The letters from Messra. Dovener, Dayton, Hulling, Miller and Senator Elkina, being so fervent in their expressions of sympathy for the cause of the veterans, provoked rounds of applause. Senator Faulkner's letter was an evasion of the subject, expression no opinion and clearly showing that he was far from being in accord with the rest of the delegation. The G. A. R. members pronounced his letter really amusing. The election of officers resulted as follows: Commander, Capt. Maulaby, of Fairmont; junior vice commander. Richard Robertson, of Wheeling. The remaining officers will be elected tomorrow. The contest for junior vice commander was quite spirited, there being three contestants. Mr. Robertson, however, proved the popular candidate and won easily. This means that he will be the coming man for commander. He is receiving the congratulations of his friends on all sides. After appointing a committee to wait on the Woman's Relief Corps and Sons of Veterans and extend greetings of the G. A. R. the meeting adjourned at 8 p. m.

The Camp-Pire.

The annual camp fire was held in the court house. The decorations were su-

The First regiment band played several soul stirring airs, and Commander J. N. David, of Custer post, came forward as the presiding officer and delivered a short but most eloquent address. He said in part: "We, as comrades of the G. A. R., are met to-night on historic ground. On April 22, 1861, welve hundred citizens assembled here and started the powerful forces that changed the geography of a nation, added a new state to the Union, a new star to the flag, and made West Virginis the key-atone of the arch of border states that saved the Union from falling to pieces when shaken by the earthquake shock of civil war. In 1851 we sang our council song with trembling voices and testeral soul stirring airs, and Commandet

when shaken by the earthquake shock of civil war. In 1851 we sang our council song with trembling voices and testratul eye. All is changed now, and it is fitting that we open these exercises by singing 'America.' We have one country, one flag, one national hymn."

The address of welcome, delivered by Hon, C. W. Lynch, was received with hearty appliause, and was responded to by Hon. George J. Waker in a happy vein. Then followed army songs and a number of short addresses.

Among those who spoke were Mrs. Leeds, president of the Woman's Relief Corps; Col. Wilbur Brand, commander of the Sons of Veterans; Hon, R. H. Freer, J. G. Gittings (Thirty-flist Virginia Confederates), Hon, L. A. Martin, Mrs. Daniels, Capt. Maulsoy, Mrs. Murdock, Richard Robertson, of Wheeling, and others.

Murdock, Hichard Robertson, or Wheeling, and others. Neither the Sons of Veterans nor the Woman's Relief Department will elect officers until to-morrow.

CAPTURED A FILIBUSTERER, A Spanish Gunboat Makes a Haul-A

Lively Time. HAVANA, April 29,—The Spanish gunbost Mensagera has captured and brought into this port the American

brought into this port the American schooner, Competitor, of Key West, loaded with arms and ammunition, believed to be intended for the insurgents. The men found on board of her are held as prisoners.

It appears that the expedition was an important one. A number of the fillbusters are said to have succeeded in jumping overboard and swimming ashore. Others, however, who jumped into the sea, were drowned. It also seems that the insurgent general, Monzon, was a member of the expedition. The fillbusters who succeeded in getting ashore either by swimming or by other means, opened fire from the swamp on the gumboat which was assisting the government force on shore, and the warship replied, killing three of the party.

Weather Forecast for To-day. For West Virginia, partly cloudy weather; probably local showers; southerly

winds.

For Western Pennsylvania and Ohio,
partly cloudy weather, possibly light local rains; fresh and brisk southeasterly
winds

Local Temperature.

The temperature yesterday as observed y C. Schnepf, druggist, corner Four-enth and Market streets, was as follows: